

PDS-VCFB-110320

LIGHT COMMERCIAL TRAFFIC VINYL 74" VINYL CHIP BROADCAST BLENDS CHIP, FULL BROADCAST SYSTEM

These instructions are not intended to show product recommendations for specific service. They are issued as an aid in determining correct surface preparation, mixing instructions and application procedure. These instructions should be followed closely to obtain the maximum service from the product.

DESCRIPTION:

Smith's Light Commercial Vinyl Chip Full Broadcast System is an interior grade single broadcast decorative vinyl chip seamless floor coating system ideal for retail, commercial, institutional, and residential applications being installed in normal climate conditions at time of application (between 60°F to 85°F substrate surface temperature).

HIGHLIGHTS:

- · Overnight return-to-service
- Non-Yellowing
- · Resistant to Hot Tire Pick-up
- · Good Stain & Chemical Resistance
- Decorative
- Economical
- · Durable & Easy to Clean
- Low Odor & Low VOC's Available in all regions

Vinyl Chip Full Broadcast System – Roughly 60 mils

TOPCOAT

- Smith's Poly-WB
(Gloss or Low Sheen finish)

SEAL COAT
- Smith's Poly-SEAL Gloss

FULL BROADCAST
- Smith's Vinyl Chip Blend

BODY COAT
- Smith's Epoxy UCE200 or Smith's Epoxy U100 with Smith's ISC Color Pack

PRIMER
- Smith's Epoxy FW38 with Smith's WSC Color Packs

SUBSTRATE

NECESSARY TOOLS and EQUIPMENT:

- Plastic Sheeting or Ram Board to cover floor for mix station
- Jiffy® mixer or paint mixing paddle
- Low speed ½" drill (Variable Speed 450 rpm or less)
- 5 gallon Plastic Mixing Buckets
- 18" wide Premium, Non-Shed 3/8" Nap Paint Roller Covers
- 18" wide Premium, Non-Shed 1/2" Nap Paint Roller Covers
- 18" wide, non-metallic Paint Roller Frames
- Multiple Extension Poles
- Flat Squeegee (Seal Coat placement)
- V-Notched 8-12 mil Squeegee (Body Coat placement)
- · Spiked shoes or Soccer Cleats
- Cleaning Solvent (Acetone, MEK, Xylene)

NOTE: Mix station & all application equipment should be ready for immediate use prior to mixing any product. Higher temperatures & humidity will shorten pot-life.

AREA PREPARATION: Be sure to mask or cover all areas that are not intended to be coated; including, but not limited to; door frames, doors, walls and windows.

SURFACE PREPARATION: Surface preparation is the <u>MOST IMPORTANT</u> phase of the application. Proper floor preparation results in the product's longevity, minimizes potential failures & creates the best environment for an aesthetically pleasing installation. In short, the more detail & time allotted to this phase of the project will dramatically affect the appearance as well as the durability & longevity of the finished floor.

- Allow new concrete to cure for at least 28 days. A hazy appearance, blistering or loss of adhesion may occur when applied to damp or incompletely cured concrete. Moisture Vapor Testing is always recommended when coating directly over concrete. *See "Moisture /Alkalinity" section on page 2 for more details
- Remove paint, adhesives & loose particulates from the intended application surface
- 3) Mechanically prepare to a Concrete Surface Profile CSP 2 to CSP 4 via mechanical grinding with a 40 grit (or less) metal bond diamonds or shot-blasting. If water is introduced to the intended application area, allow substrate to fully dry. DO NOT USE RESIN BOND DIAMONDS FOR GRINDING. Properly prepared concrete substrate will be uniformly "white" in color & readily absorb liquids within 60 seconds.
- 4) Key in all termination points by saw cutting 1/8th inch wide by 1/8th inch deep lines at doorways, drain, etc.
- 5) For exterior applications Remove 1 to 2" wide & deep of grass, mulch, landscaping rocks, etc. against the concrete to be treated to expose the vertical transition & clean
- 6) For a seamless appearance, all joints must be filled with an appropriate semi-rigid joint filler (i.e. <u>Smith's Poly JF</u>) & finished flush to the concrete surface
- Repair all chips, cracks, gouges, divots, and other floor irregularities with <u>Smith's PCF-45</u> or similar then grind smooth and flush to surrounding surface.
- 8) Prime (OPTIONAL / best practice) with Smith's Epoxy FW38 with Smith's WSC Color Packs
- Apply broadcast layer of Smith's UCE200 or Smith's U100 with Smith's ISC Color Packs broadcasting Smith's Vinyl Chip to rejection with no shiny colored areas showing on the surface
- Once dry begin to sweep, scrap & vacuum to remove loose Vinyl Chip from the cured epoxy base
- 11) Seal coat the Vinyl Chip with Smith's Poly-SEAL, let dry
- 12) Apply <u>Smith's Poly-WB</u> topcoat





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JOINTS, CRACKS & PATCHING: Honor expansion joints at the finish floor elevation. Follow ACI 224.3R-95: Joints in Concrete Construction guidelines for proper filling of construction and control joints. Cut all joints and moving cracks open with a Diamond cutting blade and fill with an appropriate semi-rigid joint filler, such as Smith's Poly JF, prior to priming the substrate. Best practice is to honor the joint at the surface after the coating system is applied then fill will an appropriate joint filler can lessen joint telegraphing. Static joints may allow the coating system to bridge over Smith's Poly JF but is NOT recommended to install a floor coating system over caulking, silicone, cement patching compounds as well as Polyurea & traditional Polyurethane flexible joint fillers.

ACI recommends allowing a concrete slab to cure for a minimum of 60 to 90 days or longer to allowing the slab to shrink and acclimate to the intended joint width thus reducing the risk of joint wall separation from the joint filler. Cooler climate applications such as freezer and coolers must be brought up to and held at a minimum of 45°F substrate temperature for no less than 10 days prior to as well as 7 to 10 days after filling with an appropriate semi-rigid joint filler, such as Smith's Poly JF, ideally longer if possible.

Patching of chips, gouges, etc. may be repaired with a variety of different, compatible coating materials, to include Smith's Epoxy GEL150, Smith's Epoxy U100 or Smith's Epoxy FC125 mixed with Silica Fume, Smith's Poly PCF-45 or Smith's 4in1 Overlay (Smith's 4in1 Overlay must cured for 2 to 3 days prior to coating).

Ensure patching products are hard enough to walk on without the risk of damage before proceeding with subsequent sanding & coatings. Should the surface of the concrete require extensive resurfacing or repairs, please contact Smith Paints for more recommendations based on the site conditions.

TEMPERATURE & HUMIDITY: Substrate temperature & materials must be maintained between 50°F (10°C) to 90°F (32°C) with less than 80% Ambient Humidity for 24 hours prior to & 24 hours after installation.

INSPECT THE SUBSTRATE: Ensure the substrate is structurally sound & solid as well as free of any contaminants that may act as a bond breaker, such as oil, paint, densifier/sealers, dirt, debris, adhesives, loose/peeling existing coatings, curing compounds, wax, silicone, etc.

CONTAMINATION OF SUBSTRATE: Concrete is porous & can become contaminated with oils, chemical from spills, etc. which act as a bond breaker. Determine if a potential bond breaker exists and a proper course of remediation. Contact Smith Paint Products for remedial recommendations while following local regulations regarding contaminant & disposal.

OIL CONTAMINATION: Smith's Oil Clean may be used to remove oils, such as petroleum, synthetic & food oils, from the surface of the concrete prior to mechanical preparation. Wood substrates contaminated with oil may require removal & replacement of the oil contaminated area with new wood to ensure proper adhesion.

MOISTURE/ALKALINITY: **CHECK FOR MOISTURE**

For interior applications, testing concrete moisture via both the Calcium chloride (ASTM F1869) and In-situ Relative Humidity (ASTM F2170) methods are highly recommended to accurately determine both the Moisture Vapor Emission Rate (ASTM F1869) & the available Moisture Content (ASTM F2170) at the time of testing. Using one test method will not give all of the necessary information & may not indicate other potential risks such as contaminants, etc. that pose a risk for delamination, chemical attack, etc. which are not caused by moisture vapor emissions or high alkalinity.

Smith's Epoxy MAC100 or Smith's Epoxy MAC125, in conjunction with proper testing & mechanical preparation, will reduce the moisture vapor emission rate to a level within the tolerance of subsequent coatings & traditional floor covering needs.

Follow the testing manufacturer's instructions precisely or visit www.astm.org, see ASTM F1869 or F2170, to purchase the test methods. Testing MUST occur within an acclimated, interior environment for the results to be valid & conclusive.

Never use silicate based products as a means of moisture remediation as these products may crystallize in the pores of the concrete surface and impede on the adhesion of the coating system and are highly discouraged for use under any circumstance. This includes products containing Potassium Silicate, such as Smith's Base Boost or Sodium Silicate based products.

The absence of an effective moisture vapor barrier may create an environment for moisture vapor transmission as well as high levels of alkalinity in concrete slabs. Blistering, delamination, flaking, etc. may occur in these environments when a non-breathable coating is applied over the surface of the concrete. Moisture testing is extremely important has part of the investigation process prior to quoting a project and should occur following the most current industry accepting testing methods, such as, a Calcium Chloride test (ASTM F-1869) and/or Relative Humidity probe (ASTM 2170). It is the contractor's responsibility to determine the moisture vapor transmission and pH of a floor. It is the contractor's responsibility to determine whether or not a substrate is sound, solid and suitable.

Smith Paint Products is strictly a product manufacturer and does NOT offer any testing or analysis but may be able to offer guidance to an appropriate testing lab or third party inspector. When in doubt, hire a qualified third party testing firm.





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LIGHT COMMERCIAL TRAFFIC VINYL 1/4" VINYL CHIP BROADCAST BLENDS CHIP, FULL BROADCAST SYSTEM

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MIXING INSTRUCTIONS: See individual product data sheets for detailed instructions on the package label or click product name hyperlinks throughout this document.

DO NOT MIX AT HIGH SPEEDS to avoid bubbles and moisture entrapment.

NOTE: Mechanical agitation is recommended

INSTALLATION: Cure times based on 72°F / 50% RH

- 1) PRIMER (OPTIONAL but best practice) Apply <u>Smith's Epoxy FW38</u> with WSC Color Pack at 5 to 7 mils ≈ 229 to 321 sq.ft. per gallon using either the dip & roll method with a 1/2" nonshed solvent resistant roller or a <u>Flat Squeegee</u> then back roll with 3/8" non-shed solvent resistant roller. Allow to dry until clear & tack-free, typically 2 to 3 hours minimum or overnight (dependent on temperature, air circulation & humidity)
- 2) BODY COAT & BROADCAST Apply Smith's Epoxy UCE200 or <u>Smith's Epoxy U100</u> with ISC Color Pack at 8 to 12 mils ≈ 133 to 200 sq.ft. per gallon using a <u>V-Notched</u> <u>8 to 12 mil Squeegee</u> then back roll with 3/8" non-shed solvent resistant roller.
 - a. Immediately broadcast Smith's Vinyl Chip into the fresh 100% solids epoxy at a rate of 0.12 to 0.2 lbs. per sq.ft. (200 to 333 sq.ft. per 40 lbs. box) Allow the broadcast coat to cure overnight.
- 3) Using a flat blade scraping tool, scrap the surface to remove any sharp flake edges then use a clean, exploded top nylon bristle push broom to sweep up the loose Vinyl Chip from the surface then reclaim for repairs or future projects followed by thoroughly vacuuming the entire floor surface to remove any remaining loose chip.
 - a. Should any bare areas occur requiring touch-ups, apply <u>Smith's Poly-SEAL</u> with a paint brush or trim roller and sprinkle Vinyl Chip into the wet liquid then allow to dry for 1 hour.
- 4) SEAL COAT Apply <u>Smith's Poly-SEAL</u> at 5 to 7 mils ≈ 229 to 321 sq.ft. per gallon using either the dip & roll method with a 3/8" non-shed solvent resistant roller or a <u>Flat Squeegee</u> then back roll with 3/8" non-shed solvent resistant roller. Allow to dry until clear & tack-free, typically 45 minutes to 3 hours minimum or overnight (dependent on temperature, air circulation and humidity)
- 5) TOP COAT Apply <u>Smith's Poly-WB</u> at 5 to 8 mils ≈ 200 to 321 sq.ft. per gallon using either the dip & roll method with a 1/2" non-shed solvent resistant roller or a <u>Flat Squeegee</u> then back roll with 3/8" non-shed solvent resistant roller. Allow to dry a minimum of 48 hours at room temperatures prior to placing any cardboard, rubber or plastic items on the surface, to include vehicle tires (dependent on temperature, air circulation and humidity. Cooler temperatures will extend the cure rate necessary for traffic exposure)

* Angular traction additive, such as <u>Smith's Resin Sand</u>, may be added to this layer if desired.

Allow to cure:

Light / Foot Traffic:

- Poly WB/G Gloss ≥24 hours
- Poly-WB/Ls Low Sheen ≥36 hours

Vehicle Traffic:

- Poly WB/G Gloss ≥48 hours
- Poly-WB/Ls Low Sheen ≥72 hours

APPLICATION TEMPERATURES:

| | Material | Surface | Ambient | Humidity |
|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Best | 60°-80°F | 65°-80°F | 65°-85°F | 10-60% |
| Minimum | 50°F | 50°F | 50°F | 10% |
| Maximum | 90°F | 90°F | 95°F | 80% |

- Do not apply when substrate has direct sun exposure during application as bubbles will occur in the film
- High temperatures will reduce working time.

SLIP RESISTANCE: Smith Paint Products recommends the use of angular slip-resistant aggregate in all coatings that may be exposed to wet, oily or greasy conditions as well as any condition where increased traction may be necessary. It is the contractor and end users' responsibility to determine the appropriate traction needs and footwear necessary for the conditions as well as setting performance parameters prior to beginning the application, testing to determine parameters have been met upon completion to achieve the end users documented safety standards.

Mock-ups are highly recommended as part of the evaluation process to determine the appropriate amount of slip-coefficient necessary for the environment.

MAINTENANCE: The coating system must be allowed to cure for no less than one week before using any mechanical cleaning equipment on the surface and no less than 48 hours before neutral cleaner or water exposure. This includes auto-scrubbers, swing buffers, sweepers, etc. Only dust and wet mopping may occur the first week.

Dust mopping, removal of debris and regular cleaning is crucial to maintaining the aesthetics of the coating and obtaining the maximum life span of the floor coating system. Cleaning cannot occur too often and inefficient cleaning will cause the floor to wear out prematurely and possibly stain or discolor depending on what comes in contact with the floor. Spills should be removed quickly. Avoid the use of Polypropylene or abrasive bristle (Tynex®) brushes as these brushes will cause the development of scratch patterns and lessen the sheen.

To maximum your investment with proper floor care and maintenance, remove all particles that may scratch and/or dull the floor coating using the least aggressive method necessary to clean the floor.

It is good practice to develop a floor maintenance schedule to be performed at the end of each shift and a set day per week or month for heavy cleaning:

- Daily = Sweep and dust mop or water only mopping/auto-scrubbing; spot clean spills and oils
- Weekly or Monthly = Scrubbed once per week or month depending on the amount and type of soils present.

Health Department or DEA regulations may necessitate more frequent and stringent cleaning practices as will areas more prone to oils, inks, chemicals, etc. on the floor surface.



^{*} Mil and sq. ft. coverage are theoretical. Substrate porosity will affect coverage rates.



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1/4" VINYL CHIP BROADCAST BLENDS

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DETERGENT: Always use the least aggressive detergent necessary to remove the residue. <u>Smith's Neutral Detergent</u>, or similar, may be used for general purpose cleaning. Use <u>Smith's Oil Clean</u>, or similar degreaser, for more degreasing and heavy duty weekly or monthly cleaning.

Caution: Do not drag or drop heavy objects across any floor, including coatings as scratching, gouging or chipping may occur to the concrete or the coating itself. This includes the tip of the forks on a forklift, nails protruding from a pallets, etc.

Avoid spinning tires on a coated floor surface as the heat created from the friction of a spinning tire will quickly soften the coating causing permanent damage.

Should a gouge, chip or scratch occur, touch-up the damaged areas immediately to avoid chemical or water intrusion to the concrete which could create additional damage. A thin layer of clear nail polish to the damaged area will provide some minimal protection until the area can be properly repaired.

Rubber tires are prone to plasticizer migration, especially aviation tires and high performance car tires. Plasticizer will stain coating and commercial flooring leaving an amber, yellow-like stain that can be permanent. This can be more noticeable where aircraft or vehicles are stationary for longer period of time, more so in non-climate controlled environments such as aircraft hangar with lighter colored floors. To avoid plasticizer staining, use a piece of Plexiglas® or LEXAN® panels, cut a few inches in diameter larger than the tires that will rest on the panels, between the floor and the contact point of the tire when storing rubber tired vehicles on any floor, including floor coating systems. Some tire stains can be removed is cleaned before a set-in stain occurs using a d-Limonene based degreaser and some mild agitation using an orbital, low speed floor machine.

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LIMITED LIABILITY: Liability is limited to replacement of defectively manufactured product of the same type and cost of the originally purchased product upon presentation of a valid, fully paid invoice at the time of a claim. No warranty shall be granted for outstanding invoices or for accounts with unpaid balances until paid in full. No damages, whether consequential, liquidated or other, shall be provided under this Limitation of Liability and Limited Warranty. Should a product defect be suspected at the time of application, cease use of the product immediately and notify Smith Paint Products for investigation as you will be responsible for the cost to repair or replace any work performed with product(s) suspected of defect. Record batch codes and save all products you purchased in order for any warranty to occur allow with the invoice that matches said quantity. Defects determined after installation must be reported to Smith Paint Products within 10 business days of discovery.

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